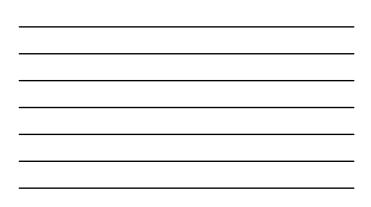


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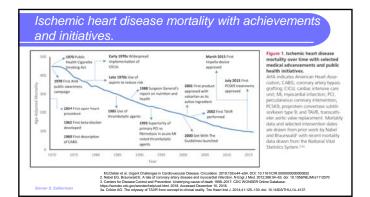
Cardiovascular disease, mortality & burden 2
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	Tobi Mumber of Estimated Deaths 2005 Golasily (Thousands)	Cumulative Percentage of CND Deaths	Age-Standardiand Death Rate gair 100-000 Person Visionia	Backing Broot on Disease Durden (Measured by DALYs)
Al deaths	55792		856	
All cardiovascular deaths	17 921	100%	285	
tuchemic heart disease	.8917	49.0%	142	1
Centrovocular disease	6728	85,7%	101	2, tenontrapiciother stroke 3, softemic stroke
Hyperlansive leval divesse	2.002	30.4%	15.4	
Cardomyspathy and myscardille	353	10.4%	.54	2
Reumatic twart divease	218	94.2%	4.1	1. E
Abrus Itbrillation	195	95.2%	3.5	
Acris: annyten	158	90.2%	27	,
(relicer/its	84	86.7%	1.5	10
Peripheral escular disease	12	97.0%	0.8	11
Other cardioenocular	.545	100.0%	14	5
CND indicates candiovascular disease Data derived from GBD 2015 Mortali			et al."	

Table 2. Predominant Risk I and INTERSTROKE Studies ^{10,31}	actors for	Myocardial Infa	irction and	Stroke Bas	ed on the INTE	RHEART	
		Myocardial Infarcta	an .		Stoke		
	Rank	Odds Rutio	PAR	Rate	Odds Radio	PAR	
ApoB/ApoA1 ratio	1	3.25	49.2	3	1.84	26.8	
Smoking	2	2.87	35.7	7	1.67	12.4	
Psychosocial factors*	3	2.67	32.5	6	2.20	17.4	
Abdominal obesity	4	1.62	20.1	5	1.44	18.6	
Self-report of hypertension	5	3.91	17.9	1	2.98	47.9	
Healthy diet:	6	0.70	13.7	4	0.60	23.2	
Physical activity	7	0.06	12.2	2	0.60	35.8	
Self-report of diabetes mellitus	8	2.37	9.9	10	1.16	3.9	
Regular alcohol consumption	-9	0.91	6.7	9	2.09	5.8	
Cardiac causes	NA	NA	NA	8	3.17	9.9	



Circulation	February 26, 2019
AHA PRESIDENTIAL ADVISORY	
in Cardiovascular Disease A Presidential Advisory From the American I	leart Association
ARTIMAT: Although subscrept in care have summal intervenements in conformative and provide conformation devices means performance of death in the United States and actural the work! Previous deditions scatchough datasets, forther concern resist with regard to catchousiast in provide conformation of the state of the state of the state of the provide conformation of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the provide conformation of the state of	Bobert M. Califf. MD. an MACC John J. Warner, MD, FAHA

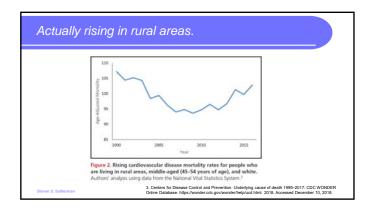




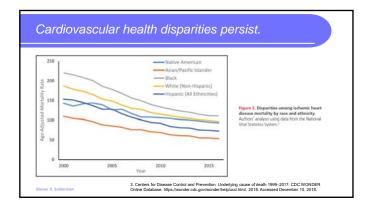
Cardiovascular mortality is no longer falling.

- CVD is the leading cause of death 17.3 million globally per year, projected to 23.6 million by 2030.
- Age adjusted mortality has remained flat in recent years.
- Decline in CHF in hospital patients is also leveling off.
- Declines in age-adjusted stroke mortality have simililary plateaued.

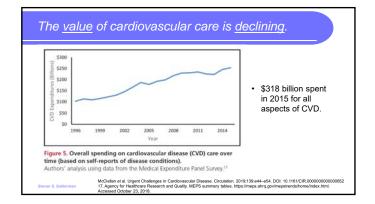
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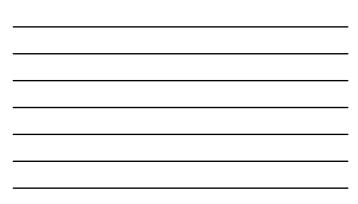


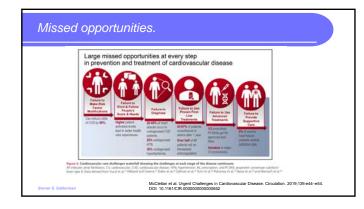


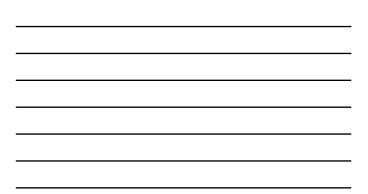


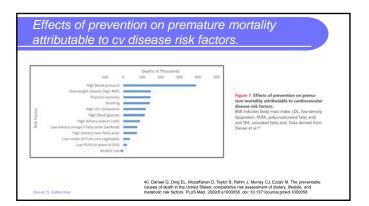












The medical device industry may be on the brink.

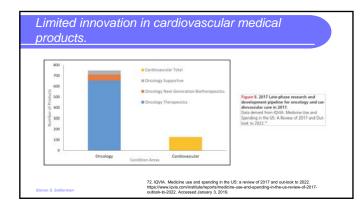
- These risk factors call for a shift toward more upstream prevention rather than the current emphasis on down-stream treatment.
 - For example, a 10% increase in hypertension treatment could prevent 14 000 deaths each year, and a 10% increase in treating low-density lipoprotein cholesterol or in preventive aspirin could prevent 8000 deaths.

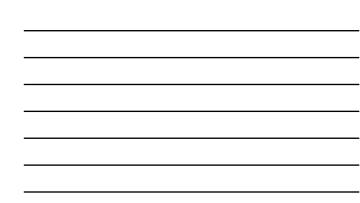
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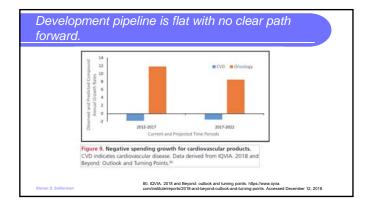
Farley TA, Dalal MA, Mostashari F, Frieden TR. Deaths preventable in the U.S. by improvements in use of clinical preventive services. Am J Prev Med. 2010;38:600–609. doi: 10.1016/j.amepre.2010.02.016

- Although spending on technological changes for cardiovascular care showed high value through the 1990s, with benefits in length and quality of life that far outweighed their costs
- The currently stagnating (or worsening) trends in cardiovascular outcomes along-side higher spending suggest that this trend no longer holds.

Cutter DM, McCletlan M, Is technological change in medicine worth it? Health Aff (Millwood), 2001;20:11–29. Cutter DM, McCletlan M, Newhouse JP, Remier D. Are medical prices declining? Evidence from heart attack teathermis. J J Econ. 1999;11:3991-1126: 10:1011(2003);505655601 Cutter D, McCletlan M, Newhouse J. The costs and hemitisf or intensive treatment for cardiovascular disease. National Breau of Cosmic Research. 1999; *Mps/Iwov Medicing/paper/Molfs1*, Accessed January 3, 2010











stration of angiotens or blockers, beta-blo	sin-converting enzymo ckers, and aldosteror	e inhibitors, angiotens ne antagonists.
	in-converting enzyme ckers, and aldosteror	e inhibitors, angiotens ne antagonists.
	ckers, and aldosteror	e antagonists.
	ckers, and aldosteror	ie antagonists.
1		
e pharmacotherapy of CHF and related clinical tri-	da.	
Tigen	Drugs	Clinical trials
ACH	Castorril	SOLVE. CONSENSUS.
	Delaprif	AIRE, SAVE and TRACE
	Englapel	
	Lisinopril	
ARB		Vid-HeFT
ARNI		
		PARADIGM HF
Beta-blockers		US-Carredilol, CIBIS-R.
		MERITAI COPERNICUS
MRA (aldosterone antagonists)	Spinockatone	TOPCAT
		ATHENA HF
Other districts	Loop disenses	ASCEND-HF
Nittates	Isosorbide-5-monomitrate (ISSMN)	DRAME
	Alimaturah	Uniertain
PCSK9 inhibitor		
	Tipo ACU AKU ANN Bisa Makers MRA (addressee antapotist) Other dimetics	Type Drogs ACH Capterd Distort ACH Capterd Balanti Endpoil ARIB University ARIB Totarium Howards Endpoil ARIB Totarium Brownin Economic ARIM Economic Brownin Carnidad Brownin Sprind-Sacon MRA (abbience and angenisis) Sprind-Sacon Other dumino Long dumino





Engineering opportunities in chronic heart failure.

- 1. Interventional
- 2. Mechanical
- 3. Surgical
- 4. Tissue
- 5. Rehabilitation

Steven S. Saliterma

1. Interventional engineering...

- Percutaneous balloon mitral valvotomy (PBMV)
- Percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI)
- Pacing:
 - Left ventricular pacing (LVP)
 - Biventricular pacing (BiVP) or cardiac resynchronization therapy (CRT)
 - Implantable cardioverter defibrillator (ICD)
 - CRT-ICD (CRT-D) Catheter ablation (AF, VT)

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Hu, Chun-Song, QH Wu, Da-Yi Hu, T. Tkebucava. Treatment of chronic heart failure in the 21st century A new era of biomedical engineering has come. Chronic Diseases and Translational Medicine 5 (2019) 75e88.

2. Mechanical engineering...

- Left ventricular assistant device (LVAD)
- VA-ECM OImpella Recover 2.5 (IR2.5)
- Tandem Heart Venoarterial Shunt (VAS)
- Internal artery balloon counter-pulsation (IABP)
- Cardiopulmonary support (CPS)
- Cardiac support device (CSD)
- Total artificial heart (TAH)
- Pulmonary artery pressure sensor
- Interatrial shunt device (IASD)Intravenous inotropic therapy

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Hu, Chun-Song, QH Wu, Da-Yi Hu, T. Tkebucava. Treatment of chronic heart failure in the 21st century A new era of biomedical engineering has come. Chronic Diseases and Translational Medicine 5 (2019) 75e88.



- Coronary artery bypass graft (CABG)
- Valve surgery (VS)
- Partial left ventriculectomy
- Dynamic cardiomyoplasty
- Myosplint implantation
- Heart transplantation (HT)

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4. Tissue engineering...

- Gene therapy (GT)
- Stem cell transplantation
- Cellular cardiomyoplasty
- Myocardial tissue engineering

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5. Rehabilitating...

- Cardiac rehabilitation (CR)
- External counter-pulsation (ECP)
- Enhanced ECP (EECP)
- Health education
- Psychological interventionsHome-based hydrotherapeutic
- Thermal program
- Functional electrical stimulation
- Nursing
- Intravenous ferric carboxymaltose (FCM)
- Diet: Flavanol-rich chocolate
- Palliative care

Hu, Chun-Song, QH Wu, Da-Yi Hu, T. Tkebucava. Treatment of chronic heart failure in the 21st century A new era of biomedical engineering has come. Chronic Diseases and Translational Medicine 5 (2019) 75e88.